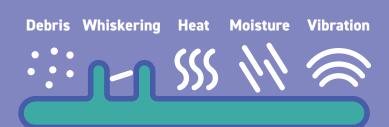
CNC CONFORMAL COATING MACHINE 03 PROCESS

BACKGROUND

Conformal Coating

During printed circuit board (PCB) fabrication, a protective polymer layer is applied to shield the board from harsh environmental conditions, such as those present at the launch pad and in outer space.



PCB Rework

During new hardware development, engineers often need to remove the conformal coat in certain areas to perform modifications to the board. After the fixes are implemented, the board needs to have the coating re-applied prior to qualification testing.





makes rework a slow and expensive process.

O2SOLUTION

Integrated Fume Extraction allows the machine to run safely in any lab space, without additional air filtration infrastructure

24" x 24" Spray Area gives capacity to coat the largest PCBs or multiple small boards at the same time

Ergonomic Door uses a gas spring for low-force action and an adjustable stay for operator comfort

Quick-Swap Filters simplify machine maintenance

> **Modular PCB Fixturing** accelerates the setup process for boards of all shapes and sizes

> > **Solvent Workstation** houses equipment for purging the spray valve without encroaching on the usable spray area

Built-in Storage Drawer for storing mounting fixtures and coating consumables

TEAM



MechE '25



MechE '25

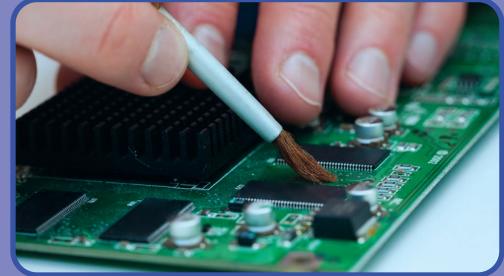






Joseph Gilbert ECE '25 MechE '25

William Skelly MechE '25



Blue Origin's Current Process: Out-source or In-house

There are two options for reapplying the conformal coat. Sending boards back to the fabrication facility for recoating is time consuming and can block development for weeks. Performing in-house coating by hand using a brush is labor intensive and makes it hard to achieve a consistent coating. This



Value Landscape Existing coating machines are designed for mass production, lacking the ease-of-use required for ad hoc rework and bloated with unneeded functionality.















Alan Tate Liason

Architecture Trade Studies Through several cycles of requirement capture and trade studies, the team narrowed in on a high-level architecture for the machine.





Testbed Gantry We built an MVP gantry as soon as possible to validate the motion and spray system hardware. This provided us with a platform for software development and integration testing

Spray Characterization Using the testbed gantry, we developed routines to characterize the spray valve, coating over 300 test coupons. By the end of the first semester, we were able to successfully coat our first board.

Final Machine

We designed the final machine using learnings from the prototype, and incorporating the full list of desired functionality

UI Development

Using a pre-made CNC control software as a starting point, we began to develop a fully customized solution that combines machine control and spray mapping in one program.



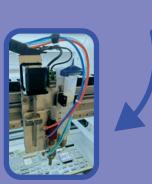














4 VALUE

"This is the most valuable senior capstone project at Blue to date."

Faster & Cheaper

Our machine reduces rework costs by 50% and reduces rework time by 15%.

Consistent Coating

Our spray characterization data promotes repeatable and consistent operation.

Streamlined UX

Our machine interface accelerates spray planning and machine operation, enabling spraying in as little as 15 minutes after machine power-up.