

# Boeing Ultra Lightweight Seat

**Team**  
 Juliana Bernal-Ostos  
 Kori Haymore  
 Tomohiro Ryutani  
 Daniel Foran  
 Charleen Laughlin  
 Allison Schmidt

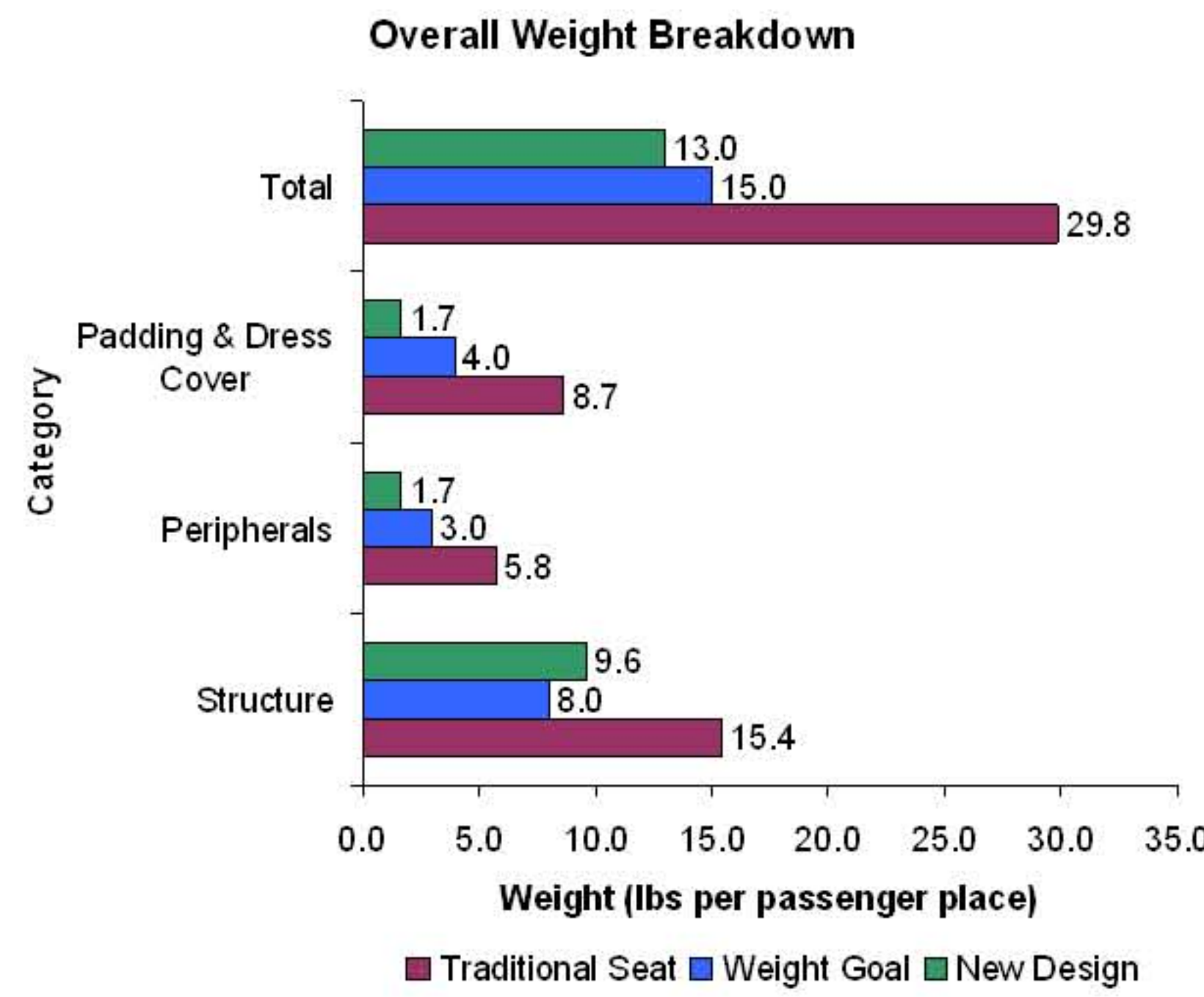
**Faculty Advisor**  
 Christopher Lee  
 Jim Fullerton  
**Liaisons**  
 Tyler LeBrun

## Statement of Work

- "Conceptualize, define and validate new and novel light weight passenger support and retention system(s) (seats) applicable to commercial jet transport aircraft"
- Target 15 lbs per passenger place. Current best in class production is 24 lbs
- Meet FAA Regulations and Boeing Requirements
- Provide validation to support belief in concepts via demonstration models, CAD, simulations, etc.
- Focus on weight reduction. Aesthetics, ergonomics, and comfort should not be diminished

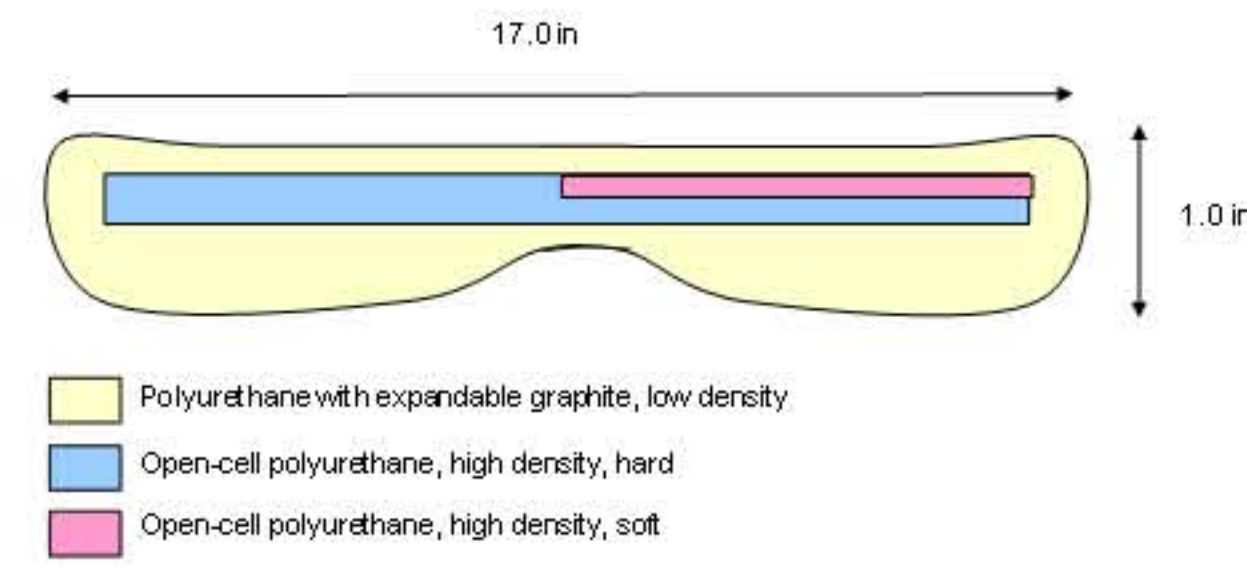
## Design Space

- All structures must withstand operation, dynamic, and user abuse loads
- Spaces must accommodate large range of passenger dimensions
- Functionality of existing seat must be maintained – e.g., armrest and tray table functions



## Padding

- The padding and dress cover on the traditional seat weighed over 8 lbs, while the new seat design calls for less than 2 lbs of padding and dress cover.
- The foam padding is a composite of three materials: a low density polyurethane foam with expandable graphite (traditionally used in aircraft seating), a soft high density open-celled polyurethane, and a hard high density open-celled polyurethane foam. The dress cover is made of lightweight woven PBI, a synthetic fiber which has no melting point and does not ignite.



## Peripherals

- Lit pocket & life vest holder - made of non-flammable mesh that is lighter than the traditional fabric and plastic (shown)
- Seatbelt – integrated lighter automotive buckle

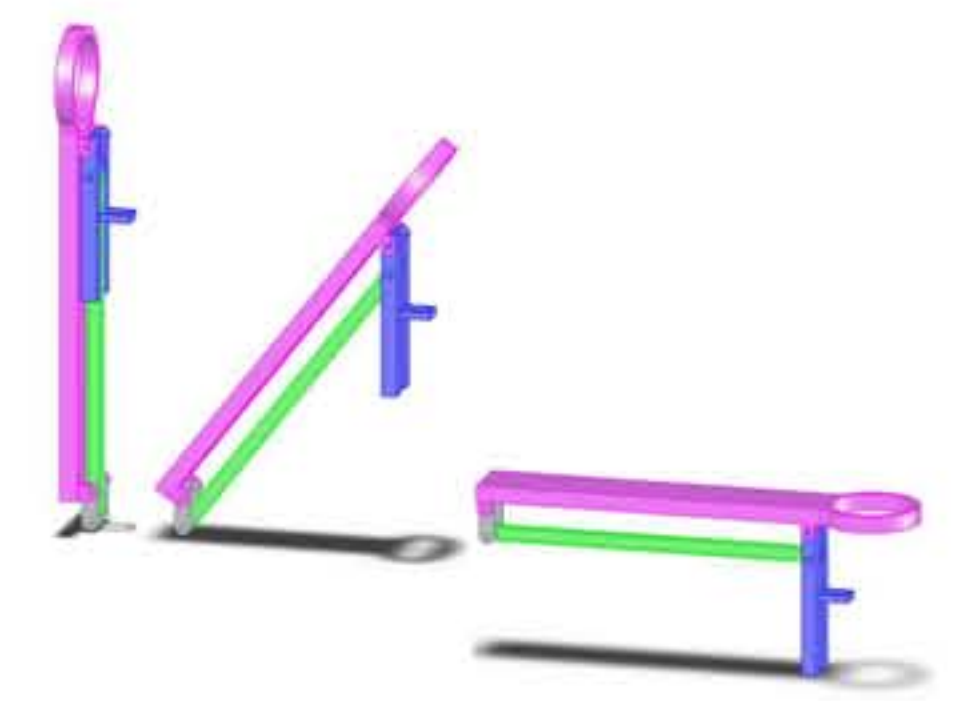


## Seat Back

- Seat back of thin extruded tubing with a strong fabric stretched over it
- Modeled after efficient traditional seatback
- Tapered profile and straightened structure to reduce weight, accommodate armrests
- Redesigned recline mechanism allows for less weight in seat attachment
- Validated for 200lb aft load along top edge via ANSYS

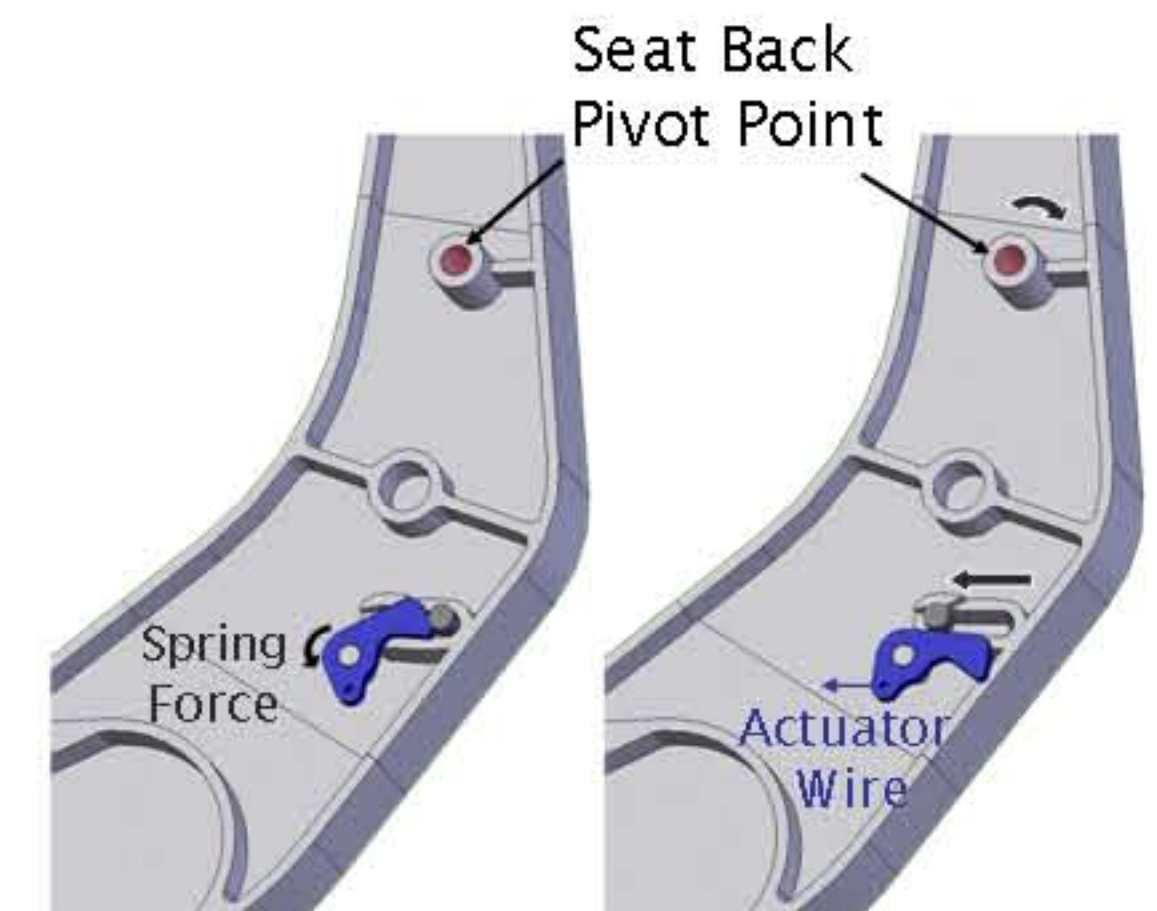
## Armrest

- Cup holder - replaces tray table for domestic flights that serve drinks but not food trays.
- Non-Cantilevered - A front support reduces the amount of overall structure required
- Automatic Lowering – A four bar linkage ensures that the front support lowers automatically.
- Finite Element Analysis – Complies with FAA tests.



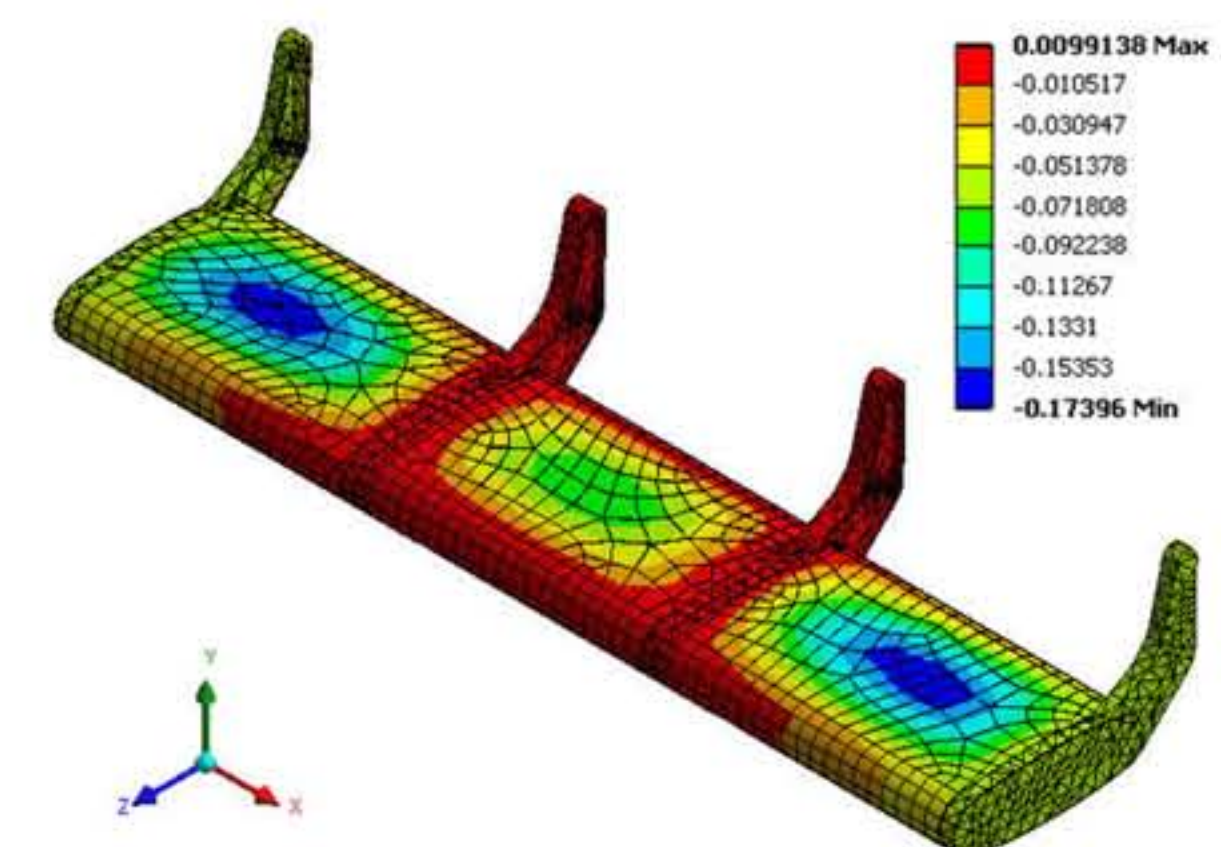
## Recline

- Hinge mechanism is actuated by button on the bulkhead. Wire pulls the bottom of the lock forward, allowing pin on seat back to slide forward.
- Torsional springs in hinge and lock
- Mechanism on both sides of seat to distribute load path
- Validated via shear and bearing stress calculations



## Transverse Beam and Spreaders

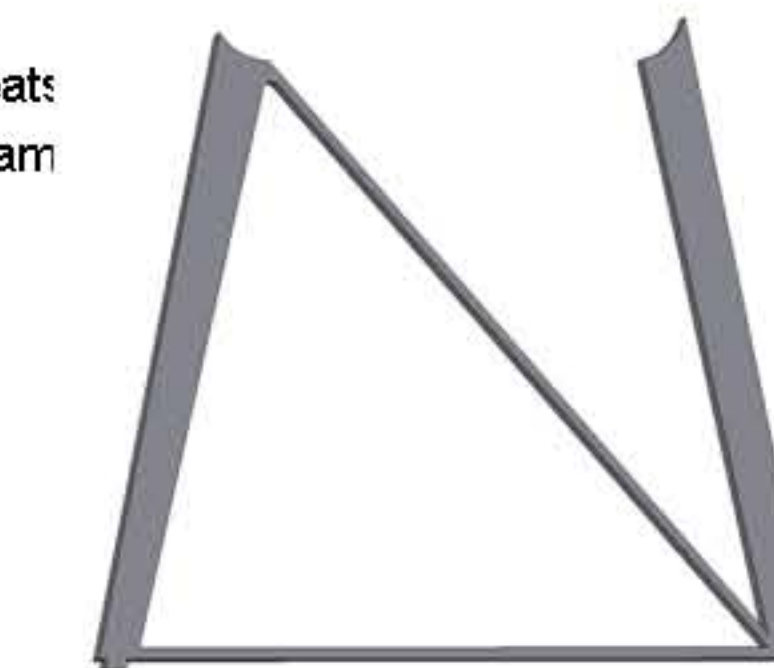
- Designed to maximize stiffness / weight.
- Typical seat design used for metric.
- Model restricted to linear-elastic regime
- System does not deform permanently as modeled.
- Dynamic testing was approximated due to modeling problems.



Y-axis directional deformation of the primary structure. Loading corresponds to ultimate downward static test.

## Legs

- Optimized shape – Simplified load path of traditional seats
- Position – Leg position moved so all legs support the same load.
- Finite Element Analysis – Complies with FAA tests.



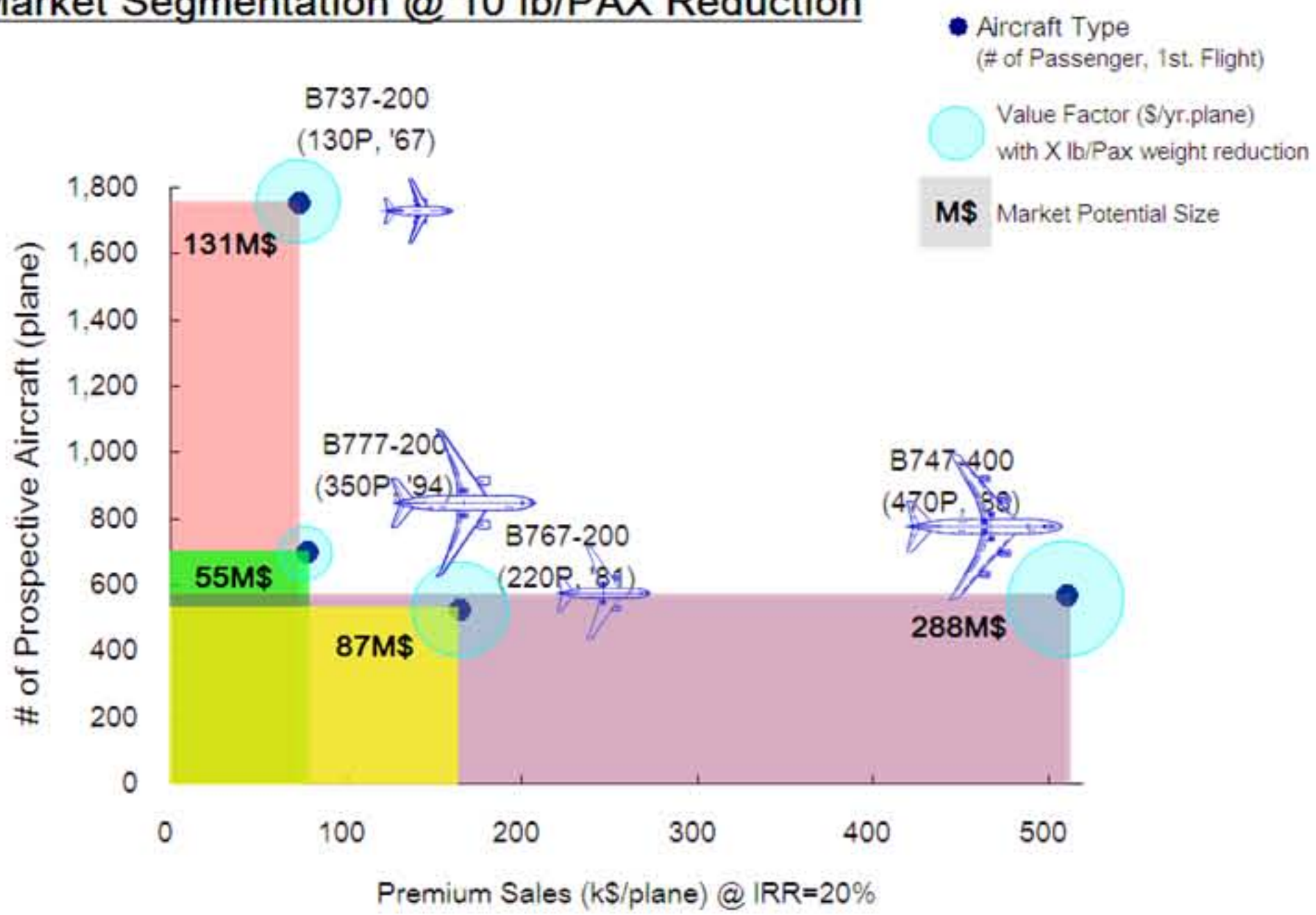
## Material Swaps

- Replace aluminum crossbeam for composite crossbeam.
- 33 msi carbon fibers and epoxy
- Weight savings
- Good mechanical properties:
  - Tensile strength: 85,000 psi
  - Flexural modulus: 18,600,000 psi
  - Shear strength: 12,500 psi
  - Density: 0.057 lb/in<sup>3</sup>



Picture from <http://img.alibaba.com>

## Market Segmentation @ 10 lb/PAX Reduction



## Preliminary market study for Boeing's seat business

- The value of lightness is simply "fuel saving",
- Each aircraft type (market segment) has different fuel efficiency and market scale (number of seat and prospective aircraft).
- Completed financial simulation of investable amount on each aircraft type and summarized the quantitative characteristics of each market segment.
- Implications about marketing planning were also provided.